

**SOUTH DAKOTA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT  
FINANCE AUTHORITY**

**AUDIT REPORT**

**Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017**



**State of South Dakota  
Department of Legislative Audit**  
427 South Chapelle  
% 500 East Capitol  
Pierre, SD 57501-5070

SOUTH DAKOTA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT  
FINANCE AUTHORITY  
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MARTIN L. GUINDON, CPA  
AUDITOR GENERAL

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER  
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS  
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

The Honorable Dennis Daugaard  
Governor of South Dakota

and

Board of Directors  
South Dakota Economic Development Finance Authority

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the South Dakota Economic Development Finance Authority (Authority), a component unit of the State of South Dakota, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 28, 2017.

**Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Authority's internal control.

*A deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.



Martin L. Guindon, CPA  
Auditor General

September 28, 2017



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AUDITOR GENERAL

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Dennis Daugaard  
Governor of South Dakota

and

Board of Directors  
South Dakota Economic Development Finance Authority

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the South Dakota Economic Development Finance Authority (Authority), a component unit of the State of South Dakota, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### ***Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### ***Auditor's Responsibility***

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority as of June 30, 2017, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Other Matters**

### *Required Supplementary Information*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5-6 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### *Other Information*

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The listing of Economic Development Finance Authority Members and the schedule of Loan Portfolio: Loans Approved Fiscal Year 2017 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

## **Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 28, 2017 on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Martin L. Guindon, CPA  
Auditor General

September 28, 2017

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Economic Development Finance Authority's (Authority) annual financial report presents management's discussion and analysis of the Authority's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report, financial statements, and notes to the financial statements.

### Financial Highlights as of June 30, 2017

- Total assets of the Authority decreased \$704,088 (or 3.63%) primarily due to the payoff of the Rural Economic and Community Development loan for the year ending June 30, 2017.
- Total liabilities of the Authority decreased by \$737,944 (or 7.06%) primarily due to the decrease in bonds payable and the payoff of the Rural Economic and Community Development loan for the year ending June 30, 2017.
- No new bond issuances or early redemptions of bonds occurred in the year ending June 30, 2017.

### Changes in Assets and Liabilities

	FY 2016	FY 2017	Increase (Decrease)	% Increase (Decrease)
<b>Assets:</b>				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,169,957	\$ 1,406,706	\$ (763,251)	(35.17)%
Investments	7,706,840	8,273,241	566,401	7.35
Loans Receivable	9,811,356	9,303,718	(507,638)	(5.17)
Allowance for Uncollectible Loans	(283,367)	(283,367)	0	0.00
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>19,404,786</b>	<b>18,700,298</b>	<b>(704,488)</b>	<b>(3.63)</b>
<b>Liabilities:</b>				
Bonds Payable	380,000	385,000	5,000	1.32
Accrued Interest Payable	120,267	113,630	(6,637)	(5.52)
Other	361,227	0	(361,227)	(100.00)
Loan Escrow Payable	845,729	855,599	9,870	1.17
Noncurrent Bonds Payable	8,740,000	8,355,000	(385,000)	(4.41)
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>10,447,223</b>	<b>9,709,229</b>	<b>(737,994)</b>	<b>(7.06)</b>
Restricted Net Position	5,000,000	5,000,000	0	0.00
Unrestricted Net Position	3,957,563	3,991,069	33,506	0.85
<b>Total Net Position</b>	<b>\$ 8,957,563</b>	<b>\$ 8,991,069</b>	<b>\$ 33,506</b>	<b>0.37%</b>

**Change in Net Position**

	<u>FY 2016</u>	<u>FY 2017</u>	<u>Increase (Decrease)</u>	<u>% Increase (Decrease)</u>
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Interest Income on Loans	\$ 781,017	\$ 468,899	\$ (312,118)	(39.96)%
Investment Income	93,855	69,110	(24,745)	(26.37)
Total Revenues	<u>874,872</u>	<u>538,009</u>	<u>(336,863)</u>	<u>(38.50)</u>
<b>Expenses:</b>				
Interest Expense	777,680	459,767	(317,913)	(40.88)
Contractual Services	52,765	44,736	(8,029)	(15.22)
Refund to Institution	70	0	(70)	(100.00)
Total Expenses	<u>830,515</u>	<u>504,503</u>	<u>(326,012)</u>	<u>(39.25)</u>
Change in Net Position	<u>\$ 44,357</u>	<u>\$ 33,506</u>	<u>\$ (10,851)</u>	<u>(24.46)%</u>

- The related decreases to the balances in loans receivable and debt outstanding resulted in the associated decreases to interest income on loans and interest expense.

**Debt Administration:**

- The Authority did not issue any tax-exempt bonds during fiscal year 2017.
- Outstanding bonds payable bear interest at rates ranging from 2.25% to 5.80% as of June 30, 2017. \$380,000 of regularly scheduled bonds was redeemed during fiscal year 2017.
- The Authority's bonds are rated AA by Standard and Poor's as of June 30, 2017.
- More detailed information about the Authority's debt can be found in Note 4, Long-Term Debt.

This report is presented to provide additional information regarding the operations of the Authority and to meet the requirements of GASB No. 34.

**SOUTH DAKOTA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT  
FINANCE AUTHORITY  
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION  
June 30, 2017**

**Assets**

Current Assets:

Cash and Cash Equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 1,394,738
Restricted Cash & Cash Equivalents (Note 2)	11,968
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,406,706

Investments (Note 2)	464,422
Restricted Investments (Note 2)	2,569,862
Investment Interest Receivable	29,008
Loan Interest Receivable	37,401
Loans Receivable (Note 3)	568,458
Total Current Assets	5,075,857

Noncurrent Assets:

Investments (Note 2)	1,949,569
Loans Receivable (Net of Allowance for Loan Loss) (Note 3)	8,414,492
Restricted Investments (Note 2)	3,260,380
Total Noncurrent Assets	13,624,441

**Total Assets**

18,700,298

**Liabilities**

Current Liabilities:

Accounts Payable	116
Accrued Interest Payable	113,514
Bonds Payable (Note 4)	385,000
Total Current Liabilities	498,630

Noncurrent Liabilities:

Loan Escrow Payable	855,599
Bonds Payable (Note 4)	8,355,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	9,210,599

**Total Liabilities**

9,709,229

**Net Position**

Restricted for Debt Service (Note 1)	5,000,000
Unrestricted	3,991,069
Total Net Position	8,991,069

**Total Net Position**

\$ 8,991,069

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**SOUTH DAKOTA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT  
FINANCE AUTHORITY  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017**

<b>Operating Revenue:</b>	
Interest Income on Loans	\$ 468,899
Total Operating Revenue	<u>468,899</u>
<b>Operating Expenses:</b>	
Contractual Services	44,736
Interest Expense	<u>459,767</u>
Total Operating Expenses	<u>504,503</u>
Operating Income (Loss)	(35,604)
<b>Nonoperating Revenue:</b>	
Investment Income	<u>69,110</u>
Total Nonoperating Revenue	<u>69,110</u>
Change in Net Position	33,506
Net Position at the Beginning of the Year	<u>8,957,563</u>
<b>Net Position at End of Year</b>	<u><u>\$ 8,991,069</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**SOUTH DAKOTA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT  
FINANCE AUTHORITY  
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017**

**Cash Flows from Operating Activities:**

Receipts for Pooled Loan Repayments	\$ 829,382	
Receipts for APEX Loan Repayments	147,156	
Payments for Contractual Services	(49,007)	
Other Receipts	9,839	
	<u>9,839</u>	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		937,370

**Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:**

Principal Paid on Revenue Bonds	(380,000)	
Interest Payments on Loans, Bonds and Notes	(462,133)	
Principal Paid to Other Governments	(361,227)	
	<u>(361,227)</u>	
Net Cash Used by Noncapital Financing Activities		(1,203,360)

**Cash Flows from Investing Activities:**

Proceeds from Sales and Maturities of Investment Securities	4,485,836	
Investment Income	92,767	
Purchase of Investment Securities	(5,075,864)	
	<u>(5,075,864)</u>	
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities		<u>(497,261)</u>

Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents During the Fiscal Year		(763,251)
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Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		<u>2,169,957</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year		<u>\$ 1,406,706</u>

**Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash  
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities**

Operating Income (Loss)		\$ (35,604)
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**Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income  
to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities**

Interest Expense	459,767	
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**Decrease/(Increase) in Assets:**

Loan Interest Receivable	1,178	
Loans Receivable	506,461	

**Increase/(Decrease) in Liabilities:**

Accounts Payable	(4,271)	
Loan Escrow Payable	9,839	
Total Adjustments		<u>972,974</u>

Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		<u>\$ 937,370</u>
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The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**SOUTH DAKOTA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT  
FINANCE AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
June 30, 2017**

**1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

A. Authorizing Legislation

Executive Order 87-1 established the South Dakota Economic Development Finance Authority (Authority). The Authority was established for the purpose of making loans to businesses for the acquisition and construction of land, buildings, machinery, and equipment to spawn economic growth. The Authority is authorized by South Dakota Codified Law to issue negotiable notes and bonds in such principal amounts as it determines necessary to provide sufficient funds for achieving any of its corporate purposes. The total outstanding amount of such notes and bonds shall not exceed three hundred million dollars at any time. No obligation issued by the Authority shall constitute debt or liability or obligation of the State of South Dakota or any political subdivision or a pledge of the faith and credit of the state or any political subdivision. Because the State of South Dakota is able to impose its will over the Authority, but does not meet any of GASB's criteria for blending, it is considered a discretely presented component unit of the State. The Authority is a business-type activity component unit of the State of South Dakota and, as such, the accompanying financial statements are included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the State of South Dakota.

B. Fund Accounting

The Authority is accounted for as an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to account for activities for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. This fund type is also used when the activity is financed with debt that is secured by a pledge of the net revenues from fees.

C. Basis of Accounting

The Authority is reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized in the accounting period in which it is earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

This account includes cash and investments with original maturities of ninety days or less. Cash and cash equivalents reported in the Statement of Cash Flows represent all investments with an original maturity of ninety days or less.

E. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses due to fluctuations in market value are included in investment income.

#### F. Loan Escrow Payable

All bond issues require that 10 percent of the original principal amount of the bond or the largest principal and interest payment for any one year be deposited into the Loan Escrow Payable. Amounts accumulating in excess of the Loan Escrow Payable requirements are applied toward borrower principal and interest payments.

#### G. Net Position

Net Position is classified in the following three components:

- Net investment in capital assets – This component consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any debt that is attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted – Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use by (1) bond indentures and (2) law through enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted – Consists of net position that does not meet the definition of net investments in capital assets or restricted.

#### H. Restricted Net Position

The bond indentures provide that certain reserve accounts be established. The reserve accounts, as of June 30, 2017, are comprised of restricted net position as follows:

Capital Reserve Account      \$ 5,000,000

The pooled bond issues require amounts to be deposited into the Capital Reserve Account. The money on deposit in the Capital Reserve Account is irrevocably pledged to the payment of all outstanding bonds and interest, only when and to the extent that other moneys are not available. The amount on deposit in the Capital Reserve Account must be equal to at least 12.5 percent of the related bond principal outstanding. Amounts in excess of the reserve requirements may be transferred and used for other purposes.

#### I. Conduit Debt Obligations

The Authority issues pooled and stand alone bond issues. A pooled bond issue is secured by the Authority's Capital Reserve Account. A stand alone issue is based solely on the credit of the borrower and the Authority acts only as a conduit to the financing.

Conduit debt obligations are certain limited-obligation revenue bonds, certificates of participation, or similar debt instruments issued by an entity for the express purpose of providing capital financing for a specific third party that is not a part of the issuer's financial reporting entity. The Authority has no obligation for such debt beyond the resources provided by a lease or loan with the third party on whose behalf they are issued and the debt is not included in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2017, the aggregate amount of stand-alone bond principal outstanding was \$2,520,000. The original issue amount of stand-alone bonds outstanding totaled \$12,840,000.

J. Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

K. Revenue and Expense Recognition

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering items in connection with an enterprise fund's principal ongoing operations. The Authority records all revenues derived from interest on loans as operating revenues since these revenues are generated from the Authority's daily operations needed to carry out its purpose. Operating expenses include interest expense, grants and subsidies, and contractual service expenses related to the administration of the Authority's programs.

L. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Under the terms of the General Bond resolution of the 2013A pooled bond issue, the Authority is generally restricted to investments in direct obligations of the federal government and of any agency or instrumentality of the United States of America; debt obligation guaranteed by the federal government; bank instruments collateralized by debt obligations guaranteed by the federal government; and shares of an investment company whose investments are in debt obligations guaranteed by the federal government. The funds associated with the 2013A pooled bond issue can also be invested in notes, bonds, or indentures issued by a corporation organized under the laws of one of the states of the United States of America, provided they are rated in one of the two highest rating categories.

*Restricted and Unrestricted Cash and Investments:*

A portion of the total reported cash and investments are restricted resources set aside to subsidize potential deficiencies from the enterprise fund's operation that could adversely affect debt services payments. Cash and investments are broken down as follows:

	<u>Fair Value</u>
Unrestricted Cash and Investments	\$ 3,808,729
Restricted Cash and Investments – Capital Reserve Account and Loan Reserve Accounts	<u>5,842,210</u>
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$ 9,650,939</u>

*Custodial Credit Risk:*

The custodial credit risk for deposits and investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the

value on investment securities and deposits that are in the possession of an outside party. The Authority does not have a policy in place for custodial credit risk. Investments securities totaling \$1,406,660 were uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent, but not in the Authority's name.

*Interest Rate Risk:*

The Authority limits the maturities of investments for its restricted accounts (all accounts other than the General Account) to terms of two years or less from the date of investment. As of June 30, 2017, the Authority had the following investments:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Investment Maturities (in Years)</u>		
		<u>Less Than 1</u>	<u>1-5</u>	<u>6-10</u>
U.S. Treasury Note	\$ 428,860	\$ 149,443	\$ 249,688	\$ 29,729
U.S. Government Agencies*	895,747	0	895,747	0
Municipal Bonds	379,617	0	294,772	84,845
Certificates of Deposit	6,540,009	2,884,841	3,446,332	208,836
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 8,244,233</b>	<b>\$ 3,034,284</b>	<b>\$ 4,886,539</b>	<b>\$ 323,410</b>

\* U.S. Government Agency securities include the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) and the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB).

*Credit Risk:*

The Investment Management Policy of the Authority limits investments in Corporate Bonds to those rated in either of the two highest rating categories by either Moody's Investors Service or Standard & Poor's Corporation.

As of June 30, 2017, the Authority had the following investments, excluding those issued by or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government or insured by FDIC, which are not considered to have credit risk.

<u>Moody's Rating</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
AA+	\$ 104,643
AAA	274,974
	<u>\$ 379,617</u>

*Concentration of Credit Risk:*

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The Authority does not have a policy on concentration of credit risk. The Authority does not have any concentration of credit risk, excluding any government issues.

The Authority's policy permits the maximum portfolio exposure to permitted investments as follows:

	<u>Restricted Account Portfolio Exposure</u>		<u>Unrestricted Account Portfolio Exposure</u>	
	<u>Total</u>	<u>Individual</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Individual</u>
U.S. Governments	100%	100%	100%	100%

U.S. Agencies	100%	100%	100%	100%
Repurchase Agreements	50%	25%	50%	25%
Corporate Bonds	0%	0%	50%	10%
Municipal Bonds	0%	0%	50%	10%
Certificates of Deposit	100%	100%	100%	100%
Money Market Funds	25%	25%	25%	25%

The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

First National Bank (FNB), which serves as trustee, uses a pricing service, Standard and Poor's Securities Evaluation Incorporated (SPSE), to value investments. SPSE uses market approach pricing which utilizes models and pricing systems as well as mathematical tools and pricing analyst judgment. All investments are priced by this service, which is not quoted prices in an active market, but rather significant other observable inputs; therefore, the investments in U.S. Treasury Notes, U.S. Government Agencies and Municipal Bonds are categorized as Level 2.

### 3. LOANS RECEIVABLE

Change in loans receivable for the year ending June 30, 2017 consisted of the following:

Beginning Balance	\$	9,772,778
Pooled Loans Principal Payments		(381,250)
APEX Program Loan Principal Payments		<u>(125,211)</u>
Loans Receivable – Before Allowance		9,266,317
Allowance for Loan Loss applicable to the Pooled Loan Program		(186,730)
to the APEX Loan Program		<u>(96,637)</u>
TOTAL LOANS RECEIVABLE – Net of Allowance	\$	<u>8,982,950</u>

The Allowance for Loan Loss applicable to the Pooled Loans is 1% for the year ending June 30, 2017.

The Agricultural Processing and Export (APEX) Program was created in 1988 when loans (Note 5) from Rural Development (RD) and Revolving Economic Development and Initiative Fund were issued to the Authority. The APEX loan program is structured to encourage processors to add value to South Dakota's raw agricultural products, export them outside the state, and to locate industry in rural communities.

#### 4. LONG-TERM DEBT

Tax exempt debt in the form of revenue bonds was issued by the Authority. The following represents the changes in revenue bonds for the pooled bond program as of June 30, 2017:

Beginning Balance	\$ 9,120,000
Bonds Retired	<u>(380,000)</u>
Ending Balance	<u>\$ 8,740,000</u>
Due Within One Year	<u>\$ 385,000</u>

The following are the revenue bonds outstanding for the pooled bond program at June 30, 2017:

<u>Issue</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Maturity Through</u>	<u>Principal Balance</u>
Series 2013A			
Serial Bonds	2.25-4.00%	2021	\$ 805,000
Term Bonds	3.125-5.80%	2033	<u>7,935,000</u>
Total			<u>\$ 8,740,000</u>

The following is a schedule of future bond payments and future interest payments remaining at June 30, 2017:

<u>Year Ended June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total Principal and Interest</u>
2018	\$ 385,000	\$ 454,058	\$ 839,058
2019	395,000	445,395	840,395
2020	405,000	433,051	838,051
2021	420,000	420,395	840,395
2022	435,000	403,595	838,595
2023-2027	2,540,000	1,659,078	4,199,078
2028-2032	3,365,000	837,810	4,202,810
2033	795,000	46,110	841,110
Total	<u>\$ 8,740,000</u>	<u>\$ 4,699,492</u>	<u>\$ 13,439,492</u>

#### 5. DUE TO'S

Due To's reported on the balance sheet consist of loans from Rural Economic and Community Development (RECD). These loans were used to make loans to APEX recipients. Due To's reported on the Statement of Net Position consist of the following:

Beginning Balance	\$ 361,277
Payment to RECD	<u>(361,277)</u>
TOTAL DUE TO'S	<u>\$ 0</u>

CFDA Number: 10.767  
Federal Agency: Rural Business & Cooperative Development Service  
Program: Intermediary Relending Program  
State Agency: Tourism & State Development  
Outstanding Loans: \$0

The Governor's Office of Economic Development, through the Authority, participates in the APEX Loan Program with funds obtained from RECD Intermediary Relending Program (IRP). The Authority has entered into loan agreements with the RECD in the amount of \$3,000,000. The Authority makes loans to small businesses and draws down federal funds from the loan with the RECD to cover 70% of the loans made to small businesses. As of June 30, 2017, the Authority had \$0 in outstanding loans from RECD.

## **6. PUBLIC ENTITY POOL FOR LIABILITY**

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Authority participates in the various programs administered by the State of South Dakota. These risk management programs are funded through assessments charged to participating entities. The risk management program includes coverage for risks associated with automobile liability and general tort liability (including public officials' errors and omissions liability, medical malpractice liability, law enforcement liability, and products liability) through the State's Public Entity Pool for Liability Fund. Financial information relative to the self-insurance funds administered by the State is presented in the State of South Dakota Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.